

Article - Estates and Trusts

[\[Previous\]](#)[\[Next\]](#)

§11–114.

(a) Unless good cause is shown for the appointment, a court may not appoint, as a guardian of the person of a minor or disabled person, a person who has been convicted of:

- (1) A felony;
- (2) A crime of violence, as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article;
- (3) Assault in the second degree; or
- (4) A sexual offense in the third or fourth degree or attempted rape or sexual offense in the third or fourth degree.

(b) Unless good cause is shown for the appointment, a court may not appoint, as a guardian of the property of a minor or disabled person, a person who has been convicted of a crime that reflects adversely on an individual's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness to perform the duties of a guardian of the property of a minor or disabled person, including fraud, extortion, embezzlement, forgery, perjury, and theft.

[\[Previous\]](#)[\[Next\]](#)